1		HOUSE BILL NO. 213	
2	INTRODU	CED BY B. MITCHELL, S. GUNDERSON, J. WINDY BOY, F. ANDERSON, S. KERNS, J.	
3	SCHILLING	ER, C. KNUDSEN, S. GIST, G. NIKOLAKAKOS, K. ZOLNIKOV, D. FERN, S. ESSMANN, P.	
4	FIELDER, L. R	EKSTEN, T. MOORE, M. BERTOGLIO, L. BREWSTER, . KNUDSEN, G. FRAZER, J. HINKLE,	
5	N. NICOL, M. E	BINKLEY, B. LER, A. REGIER, K. SEEKINS-CROWE, F. NAVE, R. MARSHALL, E. BUTTREY,	
6	L. JONES, D. I	OGE, C. HINKLE, J. READ, R. FITZGERALD, M. HOPKINS, J. BERGSTROM, G. PARRY, M.	
7	YAKAW	ICH, B. BROWN, J. FULLER, M. CUFFE, M. LANG, P. GREEN, G. KMETZ, T. FALK, J.	
8	FITZPATRICK,	C. SPRUNGER, J. ETCHART, R. MINER, W. RUSK, J. TREBAS, J. KASSMIER, B. PHALEN,	
9	B. BEARD, L. DEMING, L. HELLEGAARD, T. SMITH, F. MANDEVILLE, Z. WIRTH		
10			
11	A BILL FOR AN	ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING FOR A CERTIFICATE OF NONVIABLE BIRTH;	
12	ESTABLISHING	REQUIREMENTS FOR REQUESTING AND ISSUING A CERTIFICATE; PROVIDING	
13	RULEMAKING AUTHORITY; PROVIDING A DEFINITION; AND AMENDING SECTIONS SECTION 50-15-101		
14	AND 50-15-403	, MCA."	
15			
16	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:	
17			
18	NEW S	ECTION. Section 1. Certificate of nonviable birth requirements. (1) The department	
19	shall establish a	certificate of nonviable birth on a form adopted by the department and meeting the	
20	requirements of	subsection (4). On request by a parent, a certificate of nonviable birth must be filed in addition	
21	to the fetal deat	h certificate provided for in 50-15-403 and must be provided to the parent.	
22	(2)	In the instance of a nonviable birth, the person authorized to register a fetal death shall advise	
23	a parent:		
24	(a)	of the manner in which a request for a certificate of nonviable birth may be made;	
25	(b)	that the parent must request the certificate within 2 weeks of the nonviable birth; and	
26	(c)	(i) that the original certificate of nonviable birth is available as a public record; and	
27	(ii)	that the parentage, marital status of the parent, cause of death of the fetus, and any medical	
28	information will not be included as a public record.		



- 2023	3	Reading-white - Requested by: Laurie Bishop - (H) Judiciary	
68th Legislature 2023		Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367	HB0213.001.004
1	(3)	A request for a certificate of nonviable birth must:	
2	(a)	be made within 2 weeks of the birth on a form prescribed by the department b	y rule; and
3	(b)	include the date of the nonviable birth and the county in which the birth occur	red.
4	(4)	The certificate of nonviable birth prepared by the department must contain:	
5	(a)	the date of the nonviable birth;	
6	(b)	the county in which the birth occurred;	
7	(c)	the name of the fetus , as provided on the fetal death certificate pursuant to 50)-15-403 . If a
8	name does not	t appear on the original or amended fetal death certificate and the requesting pa	arent does not
9	wish to provide	e a name, the department shall fill in the certificate with the name "baby boy", "b	aby girl", or, if the
10	sex of the child	d is unknown, "baby" and the last name of the parent as provided in 50-15-221.	
11	(5)	The following statement must appear on the front of the certificate: "This certi	ficate is not proof
12	of a live birth".		
13	(6)	A certificate of nonviable birth is a public record, and a copy of the original ce	rtificate is
14	available as a	public record. The parentage, marital status of the parent, cause of death of the	e fetus, and any
15	medical inform	ation may not be included as part of the public record.	
16	(7)	It is a final agency action, not subject to review under the Montana Administra	ative Procedure
17	Act, for the dep	partment to refuse to issue a certificate of nonviable birth to a person who is no	a parent named
18	on the fetal dea	ath certificate has failed to provide information required by the department by ru	<u>lle for issuance of</u>
19	the certificate.		
20	(8)	The department may not use a certificate of nonviable birth to calculate live b	irth statistics.
21	(9)	This section may not be used to establish, bring, or support a civil cause of ac	ction seeking
22	damages agaiı	nst any person or entity for bodily injury, personal injury, or wrongful death for a	nonviable birth.
23	(10)	The department shall adopt rules as to the form, content, and process for the	certificate of
24	nonviable birth	N.	
25			
26	Sectio	on 2. Section 50-15-101, MCA, is amended to read:	
27	"50-15	5-101. Definitions. Unless the context requires otherwise, in parts 1 through 4	the following
28	definitions app	ly:	

Legislative Services Division

Amendment - 1st Reading-white - Requested by: Laurie Bishop - (H) Judiciary - 2023 68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367 HB0213.001.004 1 (1) "Advanced practice registered nurse" means an individual who has been certified as an 2 advanced practice registered nurse as provided in 37-8-202. 3 (2) "Authorized representative" means a person: 4 (a) designated by an individual, in a notarized written document, to have access to the individual's 5 vital records; 6 (b) who has a general power of attorney for an individual; or 7 appointed by a court to manage the personal or financial affairs of an individual. (c) 8 (3) "Dead body" means a human body or parts of a human body from which it reasonably may be 9 concluded that death occurred. 10 (4) "Department" means the department of public health and human services provided for in 2-15-2201. 11 "Dissolution of marriage" means a marriage terminated pursuant to Title 40, chapter 4, part 1. 12 (5) 13 "Fetal death" means death of the fetus prior to the complete expulsion or extraction from its (6) 14 mother as a product of conception, notwithstanding the duration of pregnancy. The death is indicated by the 15 fact that after expulsion or extraction, the fetus does not breathe or show any other evidence of life, such as 16 beating of the heart, pulsation of the umbilical cord, or definite movement of voluntary muscles. Heartbeats are 17 distinguished from transient cardiac contractions. Respirations are distinguished from fleeting respiratory efforts 18 or gasps. 19 "Final disposition" means the burial, interment, cremation, removal from the state, or other (7) 20 authorized disposition of a dead body or fetus. 21 (8) "Invalid marriage" means a marriage decreed by a district court to be invalid for the reasons 22 contained in 40-1-402. 23 (9) "Live birth" means the complete expulsion or extraction from the mother as a product of 24 conception, notwithstanding the duration of pregnancy. The birth is indicated by the fact that after expulsion or 25 extraction, the child breathes or shows any other evidence of life, such as beating of the heart, pulsation of the 26 umbilical cord, or definite movement of voluntary muscles. Heartbeats are distinguished from transient cardiac 27 contractions. Respirations are distinguished from fleeting respiratory efforts or gasps. 28 (10)"Local registrar" means a person appointed by the department to act as its agent in

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Amendment - 1st Reading-white - Requested by: Laurie Bishop - (H) Judiciary						
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1	-	his chapter in the area set forth in the letter of appointment.				
2	<u>(11)</u>	"Nonviable birth" means an unintentional, spontaneous fetal demise occurring				
3	is detected but	prior to the 20th week of gestation of a pregnancy that has been verified by a h	ealth care			
4	provider.					
5	(11)<u>(1</u>2	2) "Person in charge of disposition of a dead body" means a person who places	s or causes a			
6	dead body or t	he ashes after cremation to be placed in a grave, vault, urn, or other receptacle	or otherwise			
7	disposes of the	e body or fetus and who is a funeral director, an employee acting for a funeral di	rector, or a			
8	person who fire	st assumes custody of a dead body or fetus.				
9	(12)(1 ;	3) "Physician" means a person legally authorized to practice medicine in this sta	ate.			
10	(13)<u>(</u>14	4) "Registration" means the process by which vital records are completed, filed,	, and incorporated			
11	into the official	records of the department.				
12	(14)<u>(</u>14	5) "Research" means a systematic investigation designed primarily to develop of	or contribute to			
13	generalizable l	knowledge.				
14	(15) (10	6) (a) "Stillbirth" means a fetal death occurring after a minimum of 20 weeks of	gestation.			
15	(b)	The term does not include an abortion, as defined in 50-20-104.				
16	(16) (1	7) "System of vital statistics" means the registration, collection, preservation, an	nendment, and			
17	certification of	vital records. The term includes the collection of reports required by this chapter	r and related			
18	activities, inclu	ding the tabulation, analysis, publication, and dissemination of vital statistics.				
19	(17)<u>(</u>18	8) "Vital records" means certificates or reports of birth, death, fetal death, marria	age, and			
20	dissolution of r	narriage and related reports.				
21	(18)<u>(</u>19	9) "Vital statistics" means the data derived from certificates or reports of birth, d	leath, fetal death,			
22	induced termin	nation of pregnancy, marriage, and dissolution of marriage and related reports."				
23						
24	Sectio	n 3. Section 50-15-403, MCA, is amended to read:				
25	"50-15	-403. Preparation and filing of death or fetal death certificate. (1) A person	n in charge of			
26	disposition of a	a dead body or fetus that weighs at least 350 grams at death or, if the weight is t	unknown, has			
27	reached 20 co	mpleted weeks of gestation at death shall obtain, from the persons best qualified	d to supply it,			
28	personal data	on the deceased, including the deceased's social security number, if any, or, in	the case of a fetal			



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1	death, information on the parents that is required by the department from persons best qualified to supply the
2	data and enter it. The information must be entered on the death or fetal death certificate.
3	(2) The person in charge of disposition of the dead body or fetus shall present the death certificate
4	to the certifying physician, the certifying advanced practice registered nurse, or the coroner having jurisdiction
5	for medical certification of the cause of death. The medical certification must be completed by the physician, the
6	advanced practice registered nurse, or the coroner within the timeframe established by the department by rule.
7	The person in charge of disposition shall obtain the completed certification of the cause of death from the
8	physician, the advanced practice registered nurse, or the coroner and shall, within the time that the department
9	may prescribe by rule, file the death or fetal death certificate with the local registrar in the registration area
10	where the death occurred or, if the place of death is unknown, where the dead body was discovered.
11	(3) If a dead body is found in this state but the place of death is unknown, the place where the
12	body is found must be shown as the place of death on the death certificate. If the date of death is unknown,
13	then the approximate date must be entered on the certificate. If the date cannot be approximated, the date that
14	the body was found must be entered as the date of death, and the certificate must indicate that fact.
15	(4) When a death occurs in a moving vehicle, as defined in 45-2-101, in the United States and the
16	body is first removed from the vehicle in this state, the death must be registered in this state and the place
17	where the body is first removed is considered the place of death. When a death occurs in a moving vehicle
18	while in international air space or in a foreign country or its air space and the body is first removed from the
19	vehicle in this state, the death must be registered in this state, but the actual place of death, insofar as it can be
20	determined, must be entered on the death certificate."
21	
22	NEW SECTION. Section 3. Codification instruction. [Section 1] is intended to be codified as an
23	integral part of Title 50, chapter 15, part 2, and the provisions of Title 50, chapter 15, part 2, apply to [section 1].
24	- END -

